



SELF-INJURIOUS BEHAVIOUR



A GUIDE FOR PARENTS AND PROFESSIONALS
SUPPORTING PEOPLE WITH LEARNING
DISABILITIES AND/OR AUTISM

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WHY DO PEOPLE SELF-INJURE?

Self-injurious behaviour (SIB) is a form of hurting oneself due to over-stimulation, environmental issues, pain, escape/avoidance, sensory stimulation, or needing attention.

For people with learning disabilities and/or autism, SIB can become an issue for the individual, which can impact parents, carers, and professionals.

TYPES OF SIB

- 1. Cutting
- 2. Biting
- 3. Nipping
- 4. Hitting head or body parts
- 5. Burning
- 6. Head banging
- 7. Hair pulling
- 8. Ingestion of toxins

It is important to know that you are not alone, and there is support available.

Firstly, we need to know **WHY** someone selfinjures, to help reduce this behaviour.

FUNCTIONAL BEHAVIOUR

SIB can help to relieve overwhelming emotional states, including, anger, anxiety, frustration, and also being over stimulated when doing an activity that brings joy.

A person in your care may receive stimulation from self-injury. This is when your brain releases a chemical called an 'endorphin', which can make people feel happy.

SIB can serve a purpose from coping with emotional distress, a form of self-punishment, or to meet their specific needs.

Self-injury can mean different things at different times.

Sometimes it can form into a habit.

Some individuals get strong sensory feedback from SIB e.g. if a person bites their own hand they may gain intense physical pleasure or relief from this behaviour.

People may hurt themselves to meet the following needs:

Sensory

Meeting sensory needs when over stimulated e.g., How bright or noisy a room is etc.

Escape/Avoidance

Indication they don't want to do something e.g., Going to school or unhappy with the environment

Attention

Injuring self to get attention e.g., As a form of communication

NOT to be confused with attention seeking behaviour

Medical

Indicating they are in pain e.g., Dental issues or ear infection etc.

REMEMBER: All behaviour is a form of **COMMUNICATION**

HARM REDUCTION

If someone in your care displays SIB this may be hard to watch. How you react to the behaviour is important. Initial responses can include:

- ⇒ Let the person know you are there for them. How you react to this behaviour can influence if it progresses or stops.
- ⇒ Be aware of your own body language and reactions, try to appear calm, speak to the person in a calm tone of voice, and be supportive
- ⇒ Redirect the individual to another room, activity, or to a quieter space – make reasonable adjustments to the environment
- ⇒ Use distraction techniques use humour or change the subject and ask closed questions
- → Provide alternative sensory stimulation or resources to meet the persons sensory needs
- ⇒ Rule out any medical conditions by visiting your GP or contacting your local LD Nurse

USEFUL LINKS

There are many websites available that can provide further information on SIB. This list is not exhaustive and may not support each individual person.

Websites

The National Autistic Society

https://www.autism.org.uk/advice-andguidance/topics/behaviour/self-injuriousbehaviour/all-audiences

The Challenging Behaviour Foundation

https://www.challengingbehaviour.org.uk/unders tanding-challenging-behaviour/specificbehaviours/self-injurious-behaviour/

Self-Injury Support

https://www.selfinjurysupport.org.uk/

Challenging Behaviour Community of Practice

This website offers a range of lived-experience of SIB from parents to professionals. It holds a breadth of

knowledge and discussions on SIB, which you may find useful. Based in Wales, with participants from across the UK, you will not only get support on SIB, but learn that you are not alone!

https://padlet.com/ImprovementCymru/all-wales-challenging-behaviour-community-of-practice-cymune-

<u>sviqeg31a0qfc4a8?msclkid=6d345946c31511e</u>caf0b440bcc9db172

APPS

CALM HARM

https://calmharm.co.uk/

VIDEOS

Progressive Muscle Relaxation (PMR)

www.youtube.com/watch?v=ClqPtWzozXs&t=36s

PRODUCTS

In some cases, products can help meet an individual's specific needs. Below is a list of products that may help, there are other items available.

- Chew toys or chew necklaces
- Compression tops (hug shirts)
- Ear defenders
- Light projector
- Spiked massage roller
- Spiked massage ring
- Weighted blankets
- Fidget toys

Sensory Direct

www.sensorydirect.com

Sensory Toy Warehouse

www.sensorytoywarehouse.com

Sense Sensory

www.sensesensory.co.uk

Harrys Department Store

www.harrysdepartmentstore.co.uk